

EXERCICE 1

Réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = 2x^2 + 3x + 5 - x^2 + 2x - 4$$

$$A = 2x^2 - x^2 + 3x + 2x + 5 - 4$$

$$A = x^2 \times (2-1) + x \times (3+2) + 5 - 4$$

$$A = x^2 + 5x + 1$$

$$B = 6x^2 - 5x + 9 - 7x^2 + 3x - 3$$

$$C = 6x - 5x^2 + 7 - x^2 + 3x - 12$$

$$D = 5 + 6x - 3 + 7x^2 - x - 9 + x^2 - 12x^2 - 4x - 10$$

$$E = x^3 + 6 - 8x + x^2 - 3x^3 - 5 + 3x^2 - 3x - 2x^2$$

$$F = -4x + x^2 - 6 + 5x^2 + 3x - 10 - 8x^2 + 2x$$

$$G = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{7}{4}x$$

$$B = -(x^2 - x) - (x - 1) - (1 - x^2)$$

$$C = x^2 - (3x^2 - 5x^2) + (x^2 - 8x^2) - 2x^2$$

$$D = -4x + x^2 - (6 + 5x^2) + 3x - (10 - 8x^2) + 2x$$

$$E = -(4 + 3x - 2x^2) - (4x - x^2) - (x^2 - x)$$

$$F = 2x^3 + 4 - (-6x^2 + x) - (-2x + 9x^3) - (3x^2 - 9x)$$

$$G = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \right) - \left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{5}{4}x \right)$$

EXERCICE 2

Réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = (x+3) - (x+5) - (x-7) \rightarrow \text{Règle des signes}$$

$$A = x+3-x-5-x+7$$

$$A = x-x-x+3-5+7$$

$$A = -x+5$$

La Providence - Montpellier**CORRIGE – M. QUET****EXERCICE 1**

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$$B = 6x^2 - 7x^2 - 5x + 3x + 9 - 3$$

$$B = -x^2 - 2x + 6$$

$$C = 6x - 5x^2 + 7 - x^2 + 3x - 12$$

$$C = -5x^2 - x^2 + 6x + 3x + 7 - 12$$

$$C = -6x^2 + 9x - 5$$

$$D = 5 + 6x - 3 + 7x^2 - x - 9 + x^2 - 12x^2 - 4x - 10$$

$$D = +7x^2 + x^2 - 12x^2 + 6x - x - 4x + 5 - 3 - 9 - 10$$

$$D = x^2 (7+1-12) + x(6-1-4) + 5 - 22$$

$$D = -4x^2 + x - 17$$

$$E = x^3 + 6 - 8x + x^2 - 3x^3 - 5 + 3x^2 - 3x - 2x^2$$

$$E = x^3 - 3x^3 + x^2 + 3x^2 - 2x^2 - 8x - 3x + 6 - 5$$

$$E = x^3 (1-3) + x^2 (1+3-2) + x(-8-3) + 6 - 5$$

$$E = -2x^3 + 2x^2 - 11x + 1$$

$$F = -4x + x^2 - 6 + 5x^2 + 3x - 10 - 8x^2 + 2x$$

$$F = +x^2 + 5x^2 - 8x^2 - 4x + 3x + 2x - 6 - 10$$

$$F = x^2 (1+5-8) + x(-4+3+2) - 6 - 10$$

$$F = -2x^2 + x - 16$$

$$G = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{7}{4}x$$

$$G = +\frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{7}{4}x - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$G = x^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{2} \right) + x \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{7}{4} \right) - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$G = x^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{6}{4} \right) + x \left(\frac{2}{4} + \frac{10}{4} + \frac{7}{4} \right) - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$G = -\frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{19}{4}x - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$B = -(x^2 - x) - (x - 1) - (1 - x^2)$$

$$B = -x^2 + x - x + 1 - 1 + x^2$$

$$B = -x^2 + x^2 + x - x + 1 - 1$$

$$B = 0$$

$$C = x^2 - (3x^2 - 5x^2) + (x^2 - 8x^2) - 2x^2$$

$$C = x^2 - (-2x^2) + (-7x^2) - 2x^2$$

$$C = x^2 + 2x^2 - 7x^2 - 2x^2$$

$$C = x^2 (1+2-7-2)$$

$$C = -6x^2$$

$$D = -4x + x^2 - (6 + 5x^2) + 3x - (10 - 8x^2) + 2x$$

$$D = -4x + x^2 - 6 - 5x^2 + 3x - 10 + 8x^2 + 2x$$

$$D = +x^2 - 5x^2 + 8x^2 - 4x + 3x + 2x - 6 - 10$$

$$D = x^2 (1-5+8) + x(-4+3+2) - 6 - 10$$

$$D = 4x^2 + x - 16$$

$$E = -(4 + 3x - 2x^2) - (4x - x^2) - (x^2 - x)$$

$$E = -4 - 3x + 2x^2 - 4x + x^2 - x^2 + x$$

$$E = +2x^2 + x^2 - x^2 - 3x - 4x + x - 4$$

$$E = x^2 (2+1-1) + x(-3-4+1) - 4$$

$$E = 2x^2 - 6x - 4$$

$$F = 2x^3 + 4 - (-6x^2 + x) - (-2x + 9x^3) - (3x^2 - 9x)$$

$$F = 2x^3 + 4 + 6x^2 - x + 2x - 9x^3 - 3x^2 + 9x$$

$$F = 2x^3 - 9x^3 + 6x^2 - 3x^2 - x + 2x + 9x + 4$$

$$F = x^3 (2-9) + x^2 (6-3) + x(-1+2+9) + 4$$

$$F = -7x^3 + 3x^2 + 10x + 4$$

$$G = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \right) - \left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{5}{4}x \right)$$

$$G = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{4}{5} + \frac{5}{4}x$$

$$G = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$G = x^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + x \left(-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{5}{4} \right) - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$G = x^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{4} \right) + x \left(-\frac{6}{4} + \frac{5}{4} \right) - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$G = -\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

EXERCICE 2

Réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = (x+3) - (x+5) - (x-7) \rightarrow \text{Règle des signes}$$

$$A = x + 3 - x - 5 - x + 7$$

$$A = x - x - x + 3 - 5 + 7$$

$$A = -x + 5$$